WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2022 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

Senate Bill 612

BY SENATORS BROWN AND WELD

[Introduced February 10, 2022; referred

to the Committee on Pensions]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §8-16-1 and §8-16-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as 2 amended; to amend and reenact §8-22-19 and §8-22-20 of said code; to amend and 3 reenact §8-33-4 of said code; and to amend and reenact §33-3-14d of said code, all 4 generally relating to pension obligation bonds for municipalities; providing for a definition 5 of "pension funding program"; providing updates to the purview of a governing body 6 relating to pensions; permitting payment of debt service from allocable monies from the 7 Municipal Pensions Security Fund; including the possibility of no pension funding 8 obligations being outstanding; providing specific powers to cities relating to Certificates of 9 Participation; and providing for revenue allocation termination.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 16. MUNICIPAL PUBLIC WORKS; REVENUE BOND FINANCING.

PART I. DEFINITIONS; AUTHORIZATION

OF MUNICIPAL PUBLIC WORKS.

§8-16-1. Definitions.

As used in this article, the following terms shall have the following meanings unless the
 text clearly indicates otherwise.

3 (a) "Municipal public works" or "works" or "projects" means the construction, 4 reconstruction, establishment, acquisition, improvement, renovation, extension, enlargement, increase. equipment, maintenance, repair (including replacements) and operation of jails, jail 5 6 facilities, municipal buildings, police stations, fire stations, libraries, museums, other public 7 buildings, incinerator plants, land fill or other garbage disposal systems, hospitals, piers, docks, 8 terminals, airports, drainage systems, flood control systems, stormwater systems and associated 9 stormwater management program, flood walls, culverts, bridges (including approaches, 10 causeways, viaducts, underpasses and connecting roadways), public markets, cemeteries, motor

11 vehicle parking facilities (including parking lots, buildings, ramps, curb-line parking, meters and other facilities considered necessary, appropriate, useful, convenient or incidental to the 12 13 regulation, control and parking of motor vehicles), farms, dormitories, apartments and other 14 housing facilities for the students and faculties of institutions of higher education; facilities 15 providing housing for the elderly, including, but not limited to, life care facilities, congregate living 16 facilities and adult residential facilities, stadiums, gymnasiums, sports arenas, Auditoriums, public 17 recreation centers, public recreation parks, swimming pools, roller skating rinks, ice skating rinks, 18 tennis courts, golf courses, polo grounds, or the grading, regrading, paving, repaving, surfacing, 19 resurfacing, curbing, recurbing, widening or otherwise improving of any street, avenue, road, alley 20 or way, or the building or renewing of sidewalks, where works or projects will be made self-21 supporting, and the cost thereof, together with the interest thereon, will be returned within a 22 reasonable period, not exceeding forty years, by means of tolls, fees, rents, special assessments 23 or charges other than taxation; and the terms shall also mean any works or project as a whole. 24 and all integral parts thereof, including all necessary, appropriate, useful, convenient or incidental 25 appurtenances and equipment in connection with any one or more of the above.

(b) "Pension funding program" means a program meant to issue pension obligation bonds
 with the intent to refinance unfunded pension liability.

28 (b) (c) "Stormwater systems" means a stormwater system in its entirety or any integral part 29 thereof used to collect and dispose of stormwater and an associated stormwater management 30 program. It includes all facilities, structures and natural water courses used for collecting and 31 conducting stormwater to, through and from drainage areas to the points of final outlet including, 32 but not limited to, any and all of the following: Inlets, conduits, outlets, channels, ponds, drainage 33 easements, water quality facilities, catch basins, ditches, streams, gulches, flumes, culverts, 34 siphons, retention or detention basins, dams, floodwalls, pipes, flood control systems, levies and 35 pumping stations. The term "stormwater systems" shall not include highways, road and drainage easements, and/or stormwater facilities constructed, owned and/or operated by the West Virginia 36

37 Division of Highways.

(c) (d) "Stormwater management program" means those activities associated with the 38 39 management, operation, maintenance and control of stormwater and stormwater systems, and 40 shall include, but not be limited to, public education, stormwater and surface runoff water quality 41 improvement, mapping, planning, flood control, inspection, enforcement and any other activities 42 required by state and federal law. The term "stormwater management program" shall not include 43 those activities associated with the management, operation, maintenance and control of 44 highways, road and drainage easements, and/or stormwater facilities constructed, owned and/or 45 operated by the West Virginia Division of Highways without the express agreement of the commissioner of highways. 46

PART II. CONTROL OF GOVERNING BODY OR BOARD.

§8-16-4. Construction, etc., to be under control of governing body or appointed board, etc.

1 The construction, reconstruction, establishment, acquisition, improvement, renovation, 2 extension, enlargement, increase, equipment, repair (including replacements), custody, 3 maintenance and operation of any such works, and the collection of revenues therefrom, shall be 4 under the supervision and control of the governing body, or of a committee, by whatever name 5 called, composed of all or a portion of the governing body when only one municipality is involved, 6 or of a board or commission appointed by such governing body when only one municipality is 7 involved or appointed by the governing bodies when two or more municipalities take joint action 8 under the provisions of this article, as may be provided by the governing body or bodies.

9 When such supervision and control are vested in a committee, board or commission, the 10 governing body or bodies, as the case may be, may provide, by ordinance or ordinances, for said 11 committee, board or commission to exercise such of the functions of the governing body or bodies 12 in connection with the matter as it or they deem proper, and may provide for said committee, 13 board or commission to receive such compensation as such body or bodies may deem proper, 14 all of which authority and compensation shall be specifically provided for by ordinance or

15 ordinances. Any such committee, board or commission shall consist of the number of members 16 fixed in the ordinance or ordinances creating the same, and the manner and mode of the selection 17 and appointment of the members of any such board or commission shall be stated in such 18 ordinance or ordinances. The members of any such board or commission appointed by the 19 governing body or bodies shall be chosen without regard to their political affiliations, but with 20 regard to their business and professional experience or standing as citizens in the community. All 21 compensation and expenses, including attorney's fees, of such committee, board or commission 22 shall be paid solely from funds provided under the authority of this article. Any such committee, 23 board or commission shall have the power to establish bylaws, rules and regulations for its own 24 government.

25 When hereinafter used in this article, the term "board" shall be construed to mean the 26 governing body or committee composed of all or a portion of the governing body when only one 27 municipality is involved, or a board or commission appointed by the governing body when only 28 one municipality is involved or appointed by the governing bodies when two or more municipalities 29 take joint action under the provisions of this article, as the case may be. When two or more 30 municipalities take joint action under the provisions of this article each governing body shall 31 appoint to the board the number of members which the governing bodies have agreed shall be 32 appointed by each such governing body.

The governing body or bodies also, in its or their discretion, may provide by ordinance or ordinances for the leasing of a municipal public works and provide for the custody, maintenance and operation thereof by a lessee in accordance with the provisions of such ordinance or ordinances and lease contract executed pursuant thereto: *Provided*, That the lessee shall pay to the municipality or municipalities for the use and occupancy of such municipal public works so leased an amount sufficient to provide a sinking fund for the payment of the bonds and the interest thereon and all other charges mentioned in section seventeen of this article.

40 The governing body or bodies may provide for the establishment and maintenance of any

41 pension funding program, as defined in §8-16-1 of this code.

ARTICLE 22. RETIREMENT BENEFITS GENERALLY; POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; PENSION PLANS FOR EMPLOYEES OF WATERWORKS SYSTEM, SEWERAGE SYSTEM OR COMBINED WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

§8-22-19. Levy to maintain fund.

1 (a)(1) In order for a municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund to receive 2 the allocable portion of moneys from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund created in §8-22-18b 3 of this code, the governing body of the municipality shall levy annually and in the manner provided 4 by law for other municipal levies and include within the maximum levy or levies permitted by law 5 and, if necessary, in excess of any charter provision, a tax at such rate as will, after crediting: (A) 6 The amount of the contributions received during the year from the members of the respective paid 7 police department or paid fire department; and (B) the allocable portion of the funds from the 8 Municipal Pensions Security Fund created in §8-22-18b of this code, provide funds equal to the 9 amount necessary to meet the minimum standards for actuarial soundness as provided in §8-22-10 20 of this code. The amount shall be irrevocably contributed, accumulated, and invested as fund 11 assets as described in §8-22-21 and §8-22-22 of this code. One 12th of each municipality's annual 12 contributions shall be deposited with the municipality's pension trust funds as fund assets on at 13 least a monthly basis and any revenues received from any source by a municipality which are 14 specifically collected for the purpose of allocation for deposit into the policemen's pension and 15 relief fund or firemen's pension and relief fund shall be so deposited within five days of receipt by 16 the municipality. A municipality may prepay its monthly required contributions in increments 17 greater than one-twelfth. Heretofore surplus reserves accumulated before the effective date of 18 this section shall be irrevocably contributed, aggregated, and invested as fund assets described 19 in §8-22-21 and §8-22-22 of this code. Any actuarial deficiency arising under this section and §8-

20 22-20 of this code shall not be the obligation of the State of West Virginia.

(2) The levies authorized under the provisions of this section, or any part of them, may by the governing body be laid in addition to all other municipal levies and, to that extent, beyond the limit of levy imposed by the charter of the municipality; and the levies shall supersede and if necessary exclude levies for other purposes, where other purposes have not already attained priority, and within the limitations on taxes or tax levies imposed by the constitution and laws.

(b) The public corporations are authorized to take by gift, grant, devise, or bequest any
money or real or personal property on such terms as to the investment and expenditures thereof
as may be fixed by the grantor or determined by the trustees.

29 (c) In addition to all other sums provided for pensions in this section, it is the duty of every 30 municipality in which any fund or funds have been or shall be established to assess and collect 31 from each member of the paid police department or paid fire department or both each month, the 32 sum of seven percent of the actual salary or compensation of such member: and the amount so 33 collected shall become a regular part of the policemen's pension and relief fund, if collected from a policeman, and of the firemen's pension and relief fund, if collected from a fireman: Provided, 34 That for members of the funds who are police officers or firefighters newly hired on or after 35 36 January 1, 2010, the municipality shall assess and collect nine and one-half percent of the actual 37 salary or compensation. Only those funds for which the board of trustees has collected and paid 38 the contributions as herein provided and meeting minimum standards for actuarial soundness 39 shall be eligible to receive moneys from the additional fire and casualty insurance premium tax 40 as provided in §33-3-14d of this code: Provided, however, That the board of trustees for each 41 pension and relief fund may assess and collect from each member of the paid police department 42 or paid fire department or both each month not more than an additional two and one-half percent 43 of the actual salary or compensation of each member, but not to exceed nine and one-half percent 44 total contribution: *Provided further*, That if any board of trustees decides to assess and collect any 45 additional amount pursuant to this subdivision above the member contribution required by this

46 section, then that board of trustees may not reduce the additional amount until the respective pension and relief fund no longer has any actuarial deficiency: And provided further, That if any 47 48 board of trustees decides to assess and collect any additional amount, any board of trustees 49 decision and any additional amount is not the liability of the State of West Virginia. Member 50 contributions shall be deposited in the pension and relief fund within five days of being collected. 51 (d)(1) For the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2010, and subject to provisions of §8-22-52 18b and §33-3-14d of this code and for each fiscal year thereafter, the Municipal Pensions 53 Oversight Board shall receive and retain the moneys allocated to the Municipal Pensions Security 54 Fund until such time as the treasurer of the municipality applies for the allocable portion and 55 certifies in writing to Municipal Pensions Oversight Board that:

(A) The municipality has irrevocably contributed the amount required under this section
and §8-22-20 of this code to the pension and relief fund for the required period; and

(B) The board of trustees of the pension and relief fund has made a report to the governing
body of the municipality and to the oversight board on the condition of its fund with respect to the
fiscal year.

(2) When the aforementioned application and certification are made, the allocable portion
of moneys from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund shall be paid to the corresponding
policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund. Payment to a municipal pension and relief fund
shall be made by electronic funds transfer.

(e) The State Auditor and the oversight board have the power, and the duty as each considers necessary, to perform or review audits on the pension and relief funds or to employ an independent consulting actuary or accountant to determine the compliance of the aforementioned certification with the requirements of this section and §8-22-20 of this code. The expense of the audit or determination shall be paid from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund pursuant to provisions of §8-22-18b of this code. If the allocable portion of the Municipal Pensions Security Fund is not paid to the pension and relief fund within 18 months, the portion is forfeited by the

pension and relief fund and is allocable to other eligible municipal policemen's and firemen's
pension and relief funds in accordance with §33-3-14d of this code.

(f) The governing body or bodies may permit payment of debt service from allocable
 moneys from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund.

§8-22-20. Actuary; actuarial valuation report; minimum standards for annual municipality contributions to the fund; definitions; actuarial review and audit.

1 (a) The West Virginia Municipal Pensions Oversight Board shall contract with or employ a 2 gualified actuary to annually prepare an actuarial valuation report on each pension and relief fund. 3 The selection of contract vendors to provide actuarial services, including the reviewing actuary as 4 provided in subsection (c) of this section, shall be by competitive bid process but is specifically 5 exempt from the purchasing provisions of §5A-3-1 et seq. of this code. The expense of the 6 actuarial report shall be paid from moneys in the Municipal Pensions Security Fund. Uses of the actuarial valuations from the qualified actuary shall include, but not be limited to, determining a 7 8 municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund's eligibility to receive state money and 9 to provide supplemental benefits.

10 (b) The actuarial valuation report provided pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall 11 consist of, but is not limited to, the following disclosures: (1) The financial objective of the fund 12 and how the objective is to be attained; (2) the progress being made toward realization of the 13 financial objective; (3) recent changes in the nature of the fund, benefits provided or actuarial 14 assumptions or methods; (4) the frequency of actuarial valuation reports and the date of the most 15 recent actuarial valuation report; (5) the method used to value fund assets; (6) the extent to which the gualified actuary relies on the data provided and whether the data was certified by the fund's 16 17 auditor or examined by the qualified actuary for reasonableness; (7) a description and explanation 18 of the actuarial assumptions and methods; (8) an evaluation of each plan using the alternative 19 funding method, to assess advantages of changing to other funding methods as provided in this 20 article; and (9) any other information required in §8-22-20a of this code or that the qualified actuary

feels is necessary or would be useful in fully and fairly disclosing the actuarial condition of the fund.

23 (c)(1) Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f) of this section, beginning June 30, 24 1991, and thereafter, the financial objective of each municipality shall not be less than to 25 contribute to the fund annually an amount which, together with the contributions from the 26 members and the allocable portion of the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund for municipal pension and relief funds established under §33-3-14d of this code or a municipality's allocation 27 28 from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund created in §8-22-18b of this code and other income 29 sources as authorized by law will be sufficient to meet the normal cost of the fund and amortize 30 any actuarial deficiency over a period of not more than 40 years beginning from July 1, 1991: 31 Provided. That in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1991, the municipality may elect to make its 32 annual contribution to the fund using an alternative contribution in an amount not less than: (i) 33 One hundred seven percent of the amount contributed for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1990: 34 or (ii) an amount equal to the average of the contribution payments made in the five highest fiscal 35 years beginning with the fiscal year ending 1984, whichever is greater: *Provided, however*, That contribution payments in subsequent fiscal years under this alternative contribution method may 36 37 not be less than 107 percent of the amount contributed in the prior fiscal year: Provided further, 38 That in order to avoid penalizing municipalities and to provide flexibility when making 39 contributions, municipalities using the alternative contribution method may exclude a one-time 40 additional contribution made in any one year in excess of the minimum required by this section: 41 And provided further. That the governing body of any municipality may elect to provide an 42 employer continuing contribution of one percent more than the municipality's required minimum 43 under the alternative contribution plan authorized in this subsection: And provided further, That if 44 any municipality decides to contribute an additional one percent, then that municipality may not 45 reduce the additional contribution until the respective pension and relief fund no longer has any actuarial deficiency: And provided further, That any decision and any contribution payment by the 46

47 municipality is not the liability of the State of West Virginia: And provided further, That if any 48 municipality or any pension fund board of trustees makes a voluntary election and thereafter fails 49 to contribute the voluntarily increase as provided in this section and in §8-22-19(c) of this code. 50 then the board of trustees is not eligible to receive funds allocated under §33-3-14d of this code: 51 And provided further, That prior to using this alternative contribution method the actuary of the 52 fund shall certify in writing that the fund is projected to be solvent under the alternative contribution 53 method for the next consecutive 15 year period. For purposes of determining this minimum 54 financial objective: (i) The value of the fund's assets shall be determined on the basis of any 55 reasonable actuarial method of valuation which takes into account fair market value; and (ii) all 56 costs, deficiencies, rate of interest and other factors under the fund shall be determined on the 57 basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which, in aggregate, are reasonable (taking into 58 account the experience of the fund and reasonable expectations) and which, in combination, offer 59 the qualified actuary's best estimate of anticipated experience under the fund: And provided 60 further, That any municipality which elected the alternative funding method under this section and 61 which has an unfunded actuarial liability of not more than 25 percent of fund assets, may, 62 beginning September 1, 2003, elect to revert to the standard funding method, which is to 63 contribute to the fund annually an amount which is not less than an amount which, together with 64 the contributions from the members and the allocable portion of the Municipal Pensions and 65 Protection Fund for municipal pension and relief funds established under §33-3-14d of this code 66 and other income sources as authorized by law, will be sufficient to meet the normal cost of the 67 fund and amortize any actuarial deficiency over a period of not more than 40 years, beginning 68 from July 1, 1991.

(2) No municipality may anticipate or use in any manner any state funds accruing to the
police or fireman's pension fund to offset the minimum required funding amount for any fiscal
year.

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(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or article to the contrary, each

73 municipality shall contribute annually to its policemen's pension and relief fund and its firemen's pension and relief fund an amount which may not be less than the normal cost, as determined by 74 75 the annual actuarial valuation report required by this section: Provided. That in any fiscal year in 76 which the actuarial valuation report determines that a municipality's policemen's pension and 77 relief fund or firemen's pension and relief fund is funded at 125 percent or higher and the Municipal 78 Pensions Oversight Board's actuary provides an actuarial recommendation that the normal cost 79 does not need to be paid by the employer for that fiscal year, that municipality may elect to make 80 no contribution for that fiscal year. A municipality's election not to contribute the normal cost in 81 any year does not affect the payments required by §8-22-19 of this code by members to a pension 82 and relief fund and these payments are to continue as required by that section.

(4) The actuarial process, which includes the selection of methods and assumptions, shall
be reviewed by the qualified actuary no less than once every five years. Furthermore, the qualified
actuary shall provide a report to the oversight board with recommendations on any changes to
the actuarial process.

87 (5) The oversight board shall hire an independent reviewing actuary to perform an actuarial audit of the work performed by the qualified actuary no less than once every seven years. 88 89 (d) For purposes of this section, the term "qualified actuary" means only an actuary who 90 is a member of the Society of Actuaries or the American Academy of Actuaries. The gualified 91 actuary shall be designated a fiduciary and shall discharge his or her duties with respect to a fund 92 solely in the interest of the members and members' beneficiaries of that fund. In order for the 93 standards of this section to be met, the qualified actuary shall certify that the actuarial valuation 94 report is complete and accurate and that in his or her opinion the technique and assumptions 95 used are reasonable and meet the requirements of this section.

96 (e)(1) Beginning January 1, 2010, municipalities may choose the optional method of 97 financing municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief funds as outlined in this 98 subsection in lieu of the standard or alternative methods as provided in subdivision (1), subsection

99 (c) of this section.

100 (2) For those municipalities choosing the optional method of finance, the minimum 101 standard for annual municipality contributions to each policemen's or firemen's pension and relief 102 fund shall be an amount which, together with the contributions from the members and allocable 103 portion of the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund or Municipal Pensions Security Fund 104 created in §8-22-18b of this code, and other income sources as authorized by law, will be sufficient 105 to meet the normal cost of the fund and amortize any actuarial deficiency over a period of not 106 more than 40 years beginning January 1, 2010: Provided, That those municipalities using the 107 standard method of financing in 2009 shall continue to amortize their actuarial deficiencies over 108 a period of not more than 40 years beginning July 1, 1991. The required contribution shall be 109 determined each plan year as described above by the actuary retained by the oversight board. 110 based on an actuarial valuation reflecting actual demographic and investment experience and 111 consistent with the Actuarial Standards of Practice published by the Actuarial Standards Board.

(3) A municipality choosing the optional method of financing a policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund as provided in this subsection shall close the fund to police officers or fire fighters newly hired on or after January 1, 2010, and provide for those employees to be members of the Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System as established in §8-22A-1 *et seq.*, of this code.

117 (4) Municipalities may choose that pension funding obligations are not to be considered
 118 outstanding.

(f)(1) Beginning April 1, 2011, any municipality using the alternative method of financing
may choose a conservation method of financing its municipal policemen's and firemen's pension
and relief funds as outlined in this subsection, in lieu of the alternative method as provided in
subdivision (1), subsection (c), or the optional method as provided in subsection (e) of this section.
(2) For those municipalities choosing the conservation method of finance, until a plan is
funded at 100 percent, a part of each plan member's employee contribution to the fund equal to

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125 one and one-half percent of the employee's compensation, shall be deposited into and remain in 126 the trust and accumulate investment return. In addition, until a plan is funded at 100 percent, an 127 actuarially determined portion of the premium tax allocation to each fund provided in accordance 128 with §33-3-14d and §33-12C-7 of this code shall also be deposited into and remain in the trust 129 and accumulate investment return. This variable percentage of premium tax allocation to be 130 retained in each fund shall be determined annually by the qualified actuary provided pursuant to 131 subsection (a) of this section to be an amount required, along with other assets of the fund as 132 necessary to reach a funded level of 100 percent in 35 years from the time of adoption of the 133 conservation financing method. The variable percentage shall be calculated using a prospective four-year rolling average. 134

(3) Upon adoption of the conservation method of finance, the municipality shall close its
pension and relief funds to new members and shall place police officers and firefighters newly
hired after adoption of the conservation method into the Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters
Retirement System created in §8-22A-1 *et seq.*, of this code.

139 (4) Upon adoption of the conservation method of financing, the minimum standard for 140 annual municipality contributions to each policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund shall 141 be an amount which, together with member contributions and premium tax proceeds not required 142 to be retained in the trust pursuant to this subsection, and other income sources as authorized by 143 law, is sufficient to meet the annual benefit and administrative expense payments from the funds 144 on a pay-as-you-go basis: Provided, That at the time the actuarial report required by this section 145 indicates no actuarial deficiency in the municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund, 146 the minimum annual required contribution of the municipality may not be less than an amount 147 which together with all member contributions and other income authorized by law, is sufficient to 148 pay normal cost.

(g) Beginning with the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, the existing actuarial deficiency,
prior to reflecting any new gains or losses as of July 1, 2020, such as those due to investment

151 experience, differences between actual and expected contributions, demographic experience, 152 and changes to actuarial assumptions, shall continue to be amortized as required by subsections 153 (c) and (e) of this section: Provided, That on July 1, 2020, and each successive annual valuation 154 date thereafter, the annual impacts on the funding deficiency due to: (i) New gains or losses on 155 assets and liabilities; and (ii) changes in actuarial assumptions, shall each be amortized over a 156 closed period of 15 years, thereby creating layers of amortization bases rather than amortizing 157 the entire actuarial deficiency over the same single and decreasing period: Provided, however, 158 That impacts on the funding deficiency due to plan changes shall be amortized over closed five 159 year periods. The management of these amortization bases by the actuary should entail the 160 consideration, at least every five years, of whether to implement strategies, such as the 161 synchronization of certain amortization layers, to help avoid volatility to the sum of the 162 amortization payments generally resulting from the expiration of charge and credit layers at 163 different times. The required contribution shall be determined each plan year as described above 164 by the actuary retained by the oversight board, based on an actuarial valuation reflecting actual 165 demographic and investment experience and consistent with the Actuarial Standards of Practice 166 published by the Actuarial Standards Board.

ARTICLE 33. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS -- BUILDING COMMISSIONS.

PART II. POWERS OF COMMISSIONS.

§8-33-4. Powers.

- 1 Each commission shall have plenary power and authority to:
- 2 (a) Sue and be sued;
- 3 (b) Contract and be contracted with;
- 4 (c) Adopt, use and alter a common seal;
- 5 (d) Make and adopt all necessary, appropriate and lawful bylaws and rules and regulations
- 6 pertaining to its affairs;

(e) Elect such officers, appoint such committees and agents and employ and fix the
compensation of such employees and contractors as may be necessary for the conduct of the
affairs and operations of the commission;

(f)(1) Acquire, purchase, own and hold any property, real or personal, and (2) acquire,
construct, equip, maintain and operate public buildings, structures, projects and appurtenant
facilities, of any type or types for which the governmental body or bodies creating such
commission are permitted by law to expend public funds (all hereinafter in this article referred to
as facilities);

(g) Apply for, receive and use grants-in-aid, donations and contributions from any source
or sources, including, but not limited to, the United States of America, or any department or
agency thereof, and accept and use bequests, devises, gifts and donations from any source
whatsoever;

19 (h) Sell, encumber or dispose of any property, real or personal;

(i) Issue negotiable bonds, notes, debentures or other evidences of indebtedness and
provide for the rights of the holders thereof, incur any proper indebtedness and issue any
obligations and give any security therefor which it may deem necessary or advisable in connection
with exercising powers as provided herein;

(j) Raise funds by the issuance and sale of revenue bonds in the manner provided by the
applicable provisions of §8-16-7, §8-16-10, §8-16-12, and §8-16-16 of this code, without regard
to the extent provided in section five of this article, to the limitations specified in said section
twelve, article sixteen, it being hereby expressly provided that for the purpose of the issuance and
sale of revenue bonds, each commission is a "governing body" as that term is used in said article
16 only;

30 (k) Subject to such reasonable limitations and conditions as the governmental body or all
 31 of the governmental bodies creating and establishing such building commission may prescribe by
 32 ordinance or by order, exercise the power of eminent domain in the manner provided in §54-1-1

et seq. of this code for business corporations, for the purposes set forth in subdivision (f) of this
 section, which purposes are hereby declared public purposes for which private property may be
 taken or damaged;

- 36 (I) Use proceeds from Certificates of Participation (COPs) to pay down pension Unfunded
 37 Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL);
- 38 (m) Pay debt service on Certificates of Participation (COPs);

(1) (n) Lease its property or any part thereof, for public purposes, to such persons and upon
such terms as the commission deems proper, but when any municipality or county commission is
a lessee under any such lease, such lease must contain a provision granting to such municipality
or county commission the option to terminate such lease during any fiscal year covered thereby;
and

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(m) (o) Do all things reasonable and necessary to carry out the foregoing powers.

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

ARTICLE 3. LICENSING, FEES AND TAXATION OF INSURERS.

§33-3-14d. Additional fire and casualty insurance premium tax; allocation of proceeds; effective date.

1 (a) (1) For the purpose of providing additional revenue for municipal policemen's and 2 firemen's pension and relief funds and the Teachers Retirement System Reserve Fund and for 3 volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments, there is hereby levied and imposed 4 an additional premium tax equal to one percent of taxable premiums for fire insurance and 5 casualty insurance policies. For purposes of this section, casualty insurance does not include 6 insurance on the life of a debtor pursuant to or in connection with a specific loan or other credit 7 transaction or insurance on a debtor to provide indemnity for payments becoming due on a 8 specific loan or other credit transaction while the debtor is disabled as defined in the policy.

9 (2) All moneys collected from this additional tax shall be received by the commissioner

10 and paid by him or her into a special account in the State Treasury, designated the Municipal 11 Pensions and Protection Fund: Provided, That on or after January 1, 2010, the commissioner 12 shall pay 10 percent of the amount collected to the Teachers Retirement System Reserve Fund 13 created in §18-7A-18 of this code, 25 percent of the amount collected to the Fire Protection Fund 14 created in section 33 of this article for allocation by the Treasurer to volunteer and part-volunteer 15 fire companies and departments and 65 percent of the amount collected to the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund: Provided, however, That upon notification by the Municipal 16 17 Pensions Oversight Board pursuant to the provisions of §8-22-18b of this code, on or after 18 January 1, 2010, or as soon thereafter as the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board is prepared to receive the funds, 65 percent of the amount collected by the commissioner shall be deposited in 19 20 the Municipal Pensions Security Fund created §8-22-18b of this code. The net proceeds of this 21 tax after appropriation thereof by the Legislature is distributed in accordance with the provisions 22 of this section, except for distribution from proceeds pursuant to §8-22-18a(d) of this code.

23 (b) (1) Before August 1 of each year, the treasurer of each municipality in which a 24 municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund is established shall report to the State 25 Treasurer the average monthly number of members who worked at least one hundred hours per 26 month and the average monthly number of retired members of municipal policemen's or firemen's 27 pension and relief fund or the Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System during 28 the preceding fiscal year: Provided, That beginning in the year 2010 and continuing thereafter, 29 the report shall be made to the oversight board created in §8-22-18a of this code. These reports 30 received by the oversight board shall be provided annually to the State Treasurer by September 31 1.

(2) Before September 1 of each calendar year, the State Treasurer, or the Municipal
 Pensions Oversight Board, once in operation, shall allocate and authorize for distribution the
 revenues in the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund which were collected during the
 preceding calendar year for the purposes set forth in this section. Before September 1 of each

36 calendar year and after the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board has notified the Treasurer and 37 commissioner pursuant to §8-22-18b of this code, the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board shall 38 allocate and authorize for distribution the revenues in the Municipal Pensions Security Fund which 39 were collected during the preceding calendar year for the purposes set forth in this section. In any 40 year the actuarial report required by §8-22-20 of this code indicates no actuarial deficiency in the 41 municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund, no revenues may be allocated from 42 the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund or the Municipal Pensions Security Fund to that fund. 43 The revenues from the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund shall then be allocated to all other 44 pension and relief funds which have an actuarial deficiency.

45 (3) The Municipal Pensions Oversight Board shall annually review the investment 46 performance of each municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund. If the municipal 47 pension and relief fund's board fails for three consecutive years to comply with the investment 48 provisions established by §8-22-22a of this code, the oversight board may require the municipal 49 policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund to invest with the Investment Management Board 50 to continue to receive its allocation of funds from the premium tax. If the municipal pension and 51 relief fund fails to move its investments to the Investment Management Fund within the 18-month 52 drawdown period, provided in §8-22-19(e) of this code, the revenues shall be reallocated to all 53 other municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief funds that have drawn down 100 54 percent of their allocations.

(4) The moneys, and the interest earned thereon, in the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund allocated to volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments shall be allocated and distributed quarterly to the volunteer fire companies and departments. Before each distribution date, the State Fire Marshal shall report to the State Treasurer the names and addresses of all volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments within the state which meet the eligibility requirements established in §8-15-8a of this code.

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(c) (1) Each municipal pension and relief fund shall have allocated and authorized for

62 distribution a pro rata share of the revenues allocated to municipal policemen's and firemen's 63 pension and relief funds based on the corresponding municipality's average monthly number of 64 police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours per month during the preceding 65 fiscal year. On and after July 1, 1997, from the growth in any moneys collected pursuant to the 66 tax imposed by this section and interest thereon there shall be allocated and authorized for 67 distribution to each municipal pension and relief fund, a pro rata share of the revenues allocated to municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds based on the corresponding 68 69 municipality's average number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours 70 per month and average monthly number of retired police officers and firefighters. For the purposes 71 of this subsection, the growth in moneys collected from the tax collected pursuant to this section 72 is determined by subtracting the amount of the tax collected during the fiscal year ending June 73 30, 1996, from the tax collected during the fiscal year for which the allocation is being made and 74 interest thereon. All moneys received by municipal pension and relief funds under this section 75 may be expended only for those purposes described in §8-22-16 through §8-22-28 of this code.

(2) Each volunteer fire company or department shall receive an equal share of the
 revenues allocated for volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments.

78 (3) In addition to the share allocated and distributed in accordance with subdivision (1) of 79 this subsection, each municipal fire department composed of full-time paid members and 80 volunteers and part-volunteer fire companies and departments shall receive a share equal to the 81 share distributed to volunteer fire companies under subdivision (2) of this subsection reduced by 82 an amount equal to the share multiplied by the ratio of the number of full-time paid fire department 83 members who are also members of a municipal firemen's pension and relief fund or the Municipal 84 Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System to the total number of members of the fire 85 department.

86 (d) The allocation and distribution of revenues provided in this section are subject to the
87 provisions of §8-22-20 of this code and §8-15-8a and §8-15-8b of this code.

(e) Based upon the findings of an audit by the Treasurer, the Legislature hereby finds and 88 89 declares that during the period of 1982 through April 27, 2012, allocations from the Municipal 90 Pensions and Protection Fund were miscalculated and errors were made in amounts transferred. 91 resulting in overpayments and underpayments to the relief and pension funds and to the Teachers 92 Retirement System, and that the relief and pension funds and the Teachers Retirement System 93 were not at fault for any of the overpayments and underpayments. The Legislature hereby further 94 finds and declares that any attempt by the Municipal Pension Oversight Board or other entity to 95 recover any of the overpayments would be unjust and create economic hardship for the entities 96 that received overpayments. No entity, including, without limitation, the Municipal Pension 97 Oversight Board, may seek to recover from a relief or pension fund, the Teachers Retirement 98 System or the state any overpayments received from the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund 99 and the overpayments are not subject to recovery, offset or litigation. Pursuant to the audit by the 100 Treasurer, the amount of \$3,631,846.55 is determined owed to specific relief and pension funds 101 through the period of April 27, 2012. The Treasurer is hereby authorized to transfer the amount 102 of \$3,631,846.55 from the Unclaimed Property Trust Fund to the Municipal Pensions and 103 Protection Fund, which is hereby reopened for the sole purpose of the transfer and remittances 104 pursuant to this subsection, and to use the amount transferred to remit the amounts due to the 105 pension and relief funds. The payment of \$3,631,846.55 to the pension and relief funds is 106 complete satisfaction of any amounts due and no entity, including, without limitation, the Municipal 107 Pension Oversight Board and any pension or relief fund, may seek to recover any further amounts. 108 (f) Revenue allocation shall be considered terminated upon the condition of elimination of

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an actuarial deficiency, and on the condition that all related bonds are fully paid off.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to generally provide for pension obligation bonds for municipalities. The bill provides a definition of "Pension Funding Program." The bill provides updates to the purview of a governing body relating to pensions. The bill permits payment of debt service from allocable moneys from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund. The bill includes the possibility of no pension funding obligations being outstanding.

The bill provides specific powers to cities relating to Certificates of Participation. Finally, the bill provides for revenue allocation termination.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.